

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

ISLAMIYAT 2058/01

October/November 2010

Paper 1

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet. Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer Question 1, Question 2 and two other questions.

All answers must be in continuous prose.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.





You must answer Question 1, Question 2 and two other questions.

- 1 Choose any **two** of the following passages from the Qur'an, and:
 - (a) briefly describe the main theme(s) in each passage

[4]

[4]

- **(b)** briefly explain how each passage presents its theme(s) in a distinctive way.
- ا) إِذْ قَالَ اللهُ يَا عِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ اذْكُرْ نَعْمَتِي عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَى وَالدَتْكَ إِذْ أَيَّدَتُكَ بِرُوحِ الْقُدُسِ ثَكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلاً وَإِذْ عَلَّمْتُكَ الْكَتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَالتَّوْرَاةَ وَالإِنجِيلَ وَإِذْ تَخْلُقُ مَنَ الطِّينِ كَهَيْئَة الطَّيْرِ بِإِذْنِي فَتَنفُخُ فِيهَا فَتَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِي وَتُبْرِىءُ الْأَكْمَةَ وَالأَبْرَصَ مِنَ الطِّينِ كَهَيْئَة الطَّيْرِ بِإِذْنِي فَتَنفُخُ فِيهَا فَتَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِي وَتُبْرِىءُ الْأَكْمَةَ وَالأَبْرَصَ بَإِذْنِي وَإِذْ تَخْرِجُ الْمُوتَى بِإِذْنِي وَإِذْ كَفَقْتُ بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ عَنكَ إِذْ جِئْتَهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَقَالَ اللَّهُ مِنْ هَلَا أَلْ سَحْرٌ مُبِينً اللَّهُ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مَنْهُمْ إِنْ هَلَا اللَّهُ سَحْرٌ مُبِينً
- (i) Then will Allah say: 'Jesus son of Mary! Recount my favour to you and to your mother. Behold! I strengthened you with the holy spirit, so that you spoke to the people in childhood and in maturity. Behold! I taught you the Book and Wisdom, the Law and the Gospel. And behold! You make out of clay, as it were, the figure of a bird, by my leave, and you breathe into it and it becomes a bird by my leave, and you heal those born blind, and the lepers, by my leave. And behold! You bring forth the dead by my leave. And behold! I restrained the Children of Israel from you when you showed them the clear signs, and the unbelievers among them said: 'This is nothing but evident magic.' (Sura 5. 110)
- (ii) وَكَذَلِكَ نُرِي إِبْرَاهِيمَ مَلَكُوتَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالأَرْضِ وَلِيَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُوقِنِينَ فَلَمَّا جَنَّ عَلَيْهِ اللَّيْلُ رَأَى كَوْكَبًا قَالَ هَذَا رَبِّي فَلَمَّا أَفَلَ قَالَ لَا أُحِبُ الآفِلِينَ فَلَمَّا رَأَى الْقَوْمِ الضَّالِّينَ فَلَمَّا رَأَى الْقَمْرَ بَازِغًا قَالَ هَذَا رَبِّي فَلَمَّا أَفَلَ قَالَ لَئِن لَّمْ يَهْدِنِي رَبِّي لأَكُونَنَ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الضَّالِينَ فَلَمَّا رَأَى الشَّمْسَ بَازِغَةً قَالَ هَذَا رَبِّي هَذَآ أَكْبَرُ فَلَمَّا أَفَلَتْ قَالَ بَا قَوْمِ إِنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِّمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ إِنِّي وَجَهْتُ وَجْهِيَ لِلَّذِي فَطَرَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالأَرْضَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ إِلَّذِي فَطَرَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالأَرْضَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
 - (ii) 75. So also did We show Abraham the power and the laws of the heavens and the earth, so that he might have certainty. 76. When the night covered him over, he saw a star: He said: 'This is my Lord.' But when it set, he said: 'I do not love things that set.' 77. When he saw the moon rising in splendour, he said: 'This is my Lord.' But when the moon set, he said: 'Unless my Lord guides me, I will surely be among those who go astray.' 78. When he saw the sun rising in splendour, he said: 'This is my Lord; this is the greatest.' But when the sun set, he said: 'O my people! I am indeed free from your giving partners to Allah.' 79. 'For me, I have set my face firmly and truly towards Him who created the heavens and the earth, and never shall I give partners to Allah.' (Sura 6. 75-79)

(iii) وَالضَّحَى
وَاللَّيْلِ إِذَا سَجَى
مَا وَدَّعَكَ رَبُّكَ وَمَا قَلَى
وَلَلْآخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لَّكَ مِنَ الْأُولَى
وَلَسَوْفَ يُعْطِيكَ رَبُّكَ فَتَرْضَى
وَلَسَوْفَ يُعْطِيكَ رَبُّكَ فَتَرْضَى
أَلَمْ يَجِدْكَ يَتيمًا فَآوَى
وَوَجَدَكَ ضَالًا فَهَدَى
وَوَجَدَكَ عَائلًا فَهَدَى
فَأَمَّا الْيَتيمَ فَلَا تَقْهَرْ
وَأَمَّا الْيَتيمَ فَلَا تَقْهَرْ
وَأُمَّا السَّائلَ فَلَا تَتْهَرْ

- (iii) 1.By the glorious morning light, 2. And by the night when it is still, 3. Your Lord has not forsaken you, nor is he displeased. 4. And truly the Hereafter will be better for you than the present. 5. And soon your Lord will give you so that you will be pleased. 6. Did He not find you an orphan and give you shelter? 7. And He found you wandering, and He gave you guidance. 8. And He found you in need, and made you independent. 9. Therefore, do not treat the orphan with harshness, 10. Nor drive the beggar away; 11. But tell about the bounty of your Lord! (Sura 93)
- 2 (a) Describe how the two main sources of Islamic legal thinking are related. [10]
 - (b) Give an example to show how the Qur'an could be used in the exercise of giyas (analogy). [4]
- 3 (a) Describe the main difficulties encountered by the Prophet himself during his time in Makka after his call to prophethood. [10]
 - (b) How does his conduct in one of these difficulties provide an example for Muslims today? [4]
- 4 (a) Write about the major contributions made to Islam by Abu Bakr during the Prophet's lifetime. [10]
 - **(b)** Why was Abu Bakr given the title 'Saviour of Islam'? [4]
- **5** (a) Outline the main events of the Prophet's journey from Makka to Madina. [10]
 - **(b)** What was the significance of this journey for the Muslims? [4]

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